BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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) Case No. 12-2011-216564
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DECISION

The attached Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby adopted as the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of California.

This Decision shall become effective at 5:00 p.m. on July 14, 2016.

IT IS SO ORDERED: June 14, 2016.

MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA

Howard Krauss, M.D., Chair

Panel B

1	Kamala D. Harris			
2	Attorney General of California JANE ZACK SIMON			
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General Brenda P. Reyes			
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 129718			
5	455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004			
6	Telephone: (415) 703-5541 Facsimile: (415) 703-5480			
7	Attorneys for Complainant			
8	BEFORE THE			
9	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
10	STATE OF C	ALIFORNIA		
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 12-2011-216564		
12	HAI VAN NGUYEN, M.D.	OAH No. 2015120839		
13	1400 E. 14th Street, Suite H Oakland, CA 94606-4496	STIPULATED SETTLEMENT AND		
14	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 44145	DISCIPLINARY ORDER		
15	Respondent.			
16	respondent			
17				
18	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGR	EED by and between the parties to the above-		
19	entitled proceedings that the following matters are true:			
20	<u>PARTIES</u>			
21	1. Kimberly Kirchmeyer (Complainant) is the Executive Director of the Medical Board			
22	of California. She brought this action solely in her official capacity and is represented in this			
23	matter by Kamala D. Harris, Attorney General of the State of California, by Brenda P. Reyes,			
24	Deputy Attorney General.			
25	2. Respondent Hai Van Nguyen, M.D. (Respondent) is represented in this proceeding by			
26	attorney Albert J. Garcia, Esq., whose address is: 2000 Powell Street, Suite 1290, Emeryville,			
27	CA 94608.			
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CULPABILITY

- 9. Respondent does not contest that, at an administrative hearing, Complainant could establish a *prima facie* case with respect to the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 12-2011-216564 and that he has thereby subjected his license to disciplinary action.
- 10. Respondent agrees that if he ever petitions for early termination or modification of probation, or if the Board ever petitions for revocation of probation, all of the charges and allegations contained in Accusation No. 12-2011-216564 shall be deemed true, correct and fully admitted by Respondent for purposes of that proceeding or any other licensing proceeding involving Respondent in the State of California.
- 11. Respondent agrees that his Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate is subject to discipline and he agrees to be bound by the Board's probationary terms as set forth in the Disciplinary Order below.

CONTINGENCY

- 12. This stipulation shall be subject to approval by the Medical Board of California. Respondent understands and agrees that counsel for Complainant and the staff of the Medical Board of California may communicate directly with the Board regarding this stipulation and settlement, without notice to or participation by Respondent or his counsel. By signing the stipulation, Respondent understands and agrees that he may not withdraw his agreement or seek to rescind the stipulation prior to the time the Board considers and acts upon it. If the Board fails to adopt this stipulation as its Decision and Order, the Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order shall be of no force or effect, except for this paragraph, it shall be inadmissible in any legal action between the parties, and the Board shall not be disqualified from further action by having considered this matter.
- 13. The parties understand and agree that Portable Document Format (PDF) and facsimile copies of this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order, including PDF and facsimile signatures thereto, shall have the same force and effect as the originals.

14. In consideration of the foregoing admissions and stipulations, the parties agree that the Board may, without further notice or formal proceeding, issue and enter the following Disciplinary Order:

DISCIPLINARY ORDER

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. A 44145 issued to Respondent Hai Van Nguyen, M.D. is revoked. However, the revocation is stayed and Respondent is placed on probation for seven (7) years on the following terms and conditions.

1. <u>CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES- MAINTAIN RECORDS AND ACCESS TO RECORDS AND INVENTORIES</u>. Respondent shall maintain a record of all controlled substances ordered, prescribed, dispensed, administered, or possessed by Respondent, and any recommendation or approval which enables a patient or patient's primary caregiver to possess or cultivate marijuana for the personal medical purposes of the patient within the meaning of Health and Safety Code section 11362.5, during probation, showing all the following: 1) the name and address of patient; 2) the date; 3) the character and quantity of controlled substances involved; and 4) the indications and diagnosis for which the controlled substances were furnished.

Respondent shall keep these records in a separate file or ledger, in chronological order. All records and any inventories of controlled substances shall be available for immediate inspection and copying on the premises by the Board or its designee at all times during business hours and shall be retained for the entire term of probation.

2. <u>EDUCATION COURSE</u>. Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, and on an annual basis thereafter, Respondent shall submit to the Board or its designee for its prior approval educational program(s) or course(s) which shall not be less than 40 hours per year, for each year of probation. The educational program(s) or course(s) shall be aimed at correcting any areas of deficient practice or knowledge, **including knowledge/practice deficiencies in patient assessment and prescribing practices**, and shall be Category I certified.

The educational program(s) or course(s) shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure. Following the completion of each course, the Board or its designee may administer an examination to test

Respondent's knowledge of the course. Respondent shall provide proof of attendance for 65 hours of CME of which 40 hours were in satisfaction of this condition.

3. PRESCRIBING PRACTICES COURSE. Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a course in prescribing practices equivalent to the Prescribing Practices Course at the Physician Assessment and Clinical Education Program, University of California, San Diego School of Medicine (Program), approved in advance by the Board or its designee. Respondent shall provide the program with any information and documents that the Program may deem pertinent. Respondent shall participate in and successfully complete the classroom component of the course not later than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment. Respondent shall successfully complete any other component of the course within one (1) year of enrollment. The prescribing practices course shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure.

Respondent shall not prescribe any Schedule II and III controlled substances until Respondent has successfully completed the Prescribing Practices Course and has been so notified by the Board or its designee in writing.

A prescribing practices course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole discretion of the Board or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the course would have been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the effective date of this Decision.

Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its designee not later than 15 calendar days after successfully completing the course, or not later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Decision, whichever is later.

4. <u>MEDICAL RECORD KEEPING COURSE</u>. Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall enroll in a course in medical record keeping equivalent to the Medical Record Keeping Course offered by the Physician Assessment and Clinical Education Program, University of California, San Diego School of Medicine (Program), approved in

advance by the Board or its designee. Respondent shall provide the program with any information and documents that the Program may deem pertinent. Respondent shall participate in and successfully complete the classroom component of the course not later than six (6) months after Respondent's initial enrollment. Respondent shall successfully complete any other component of the course within one (1) year of enrollment. The medical record keeping course shall be at Respondent's expense and shall be in addition to the Continuing Medical Education (CME) requirements for renewal of licensure.

A medical record keeping course taken after the acts that gave rise to the charges in the Accusation, but prior to the effective date of the Decision may, in the sole discretion of the Board or its designee, be accepted towards the fulfillment of this condition if the course would have been approved by the Board or its designee had the course been taken after the effective date of this Decision.

Respondent shall submit a certification of successful completion to the Board or its designee not later than 15 calendar days after successfully completing the course, or not later than 15 calendar days after the effective date of the Decision, whichever is later.

5. MONITORING - PRACTICE. Within 30 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall submit to the Board or its designee for prior approval as a practice monitor, the name and qualifications of one or more licensed physicians and surgeons whose licenses are valid and in good standing, and who are preferably American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) certified. A monitor shall have no prior or current business or personal relationship with Respondent, or other relationship that could reasonably be expected to compromise the ability of the monitor to render fair and unbiased reports to the Board, including but not limited to any form of bartering, shall be in Respondent's field of practice, and must agree to serve as Respondent's monitor. Respondent shall pay all monitoring costs.

The Board or its designee shall provide the approved monitor with copies of the Decision and Accusation, and a proposed monitoring plan. Within 15 calendar days of receipt of the Decision, Accusation, and proposed monitoring plan, the monitor shall submit a signed statement that the monitor has read the Decision and Accusation, fully understands the role of a monitor,

and agrees or disagrees with the proposed monitoring plan. If the monitor disagrees with the proposed monitoring plan, the monitor shall submit a revised monitoring plan with the signed statement for approval by the Board or its designee.

Within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, and continuing throughout probation, Respondent's practice shall be monitored by the approved monitor. Respondent shall make all records available for immediate inspection and copying on the premises by the monitor at all times during business hours and shall retain the records for the entire term of probation.

If Respondent fails to obtain approval of a monitor within 60 calendar days of the effective date of this Decision, Respondent shall receive a notification from the Board or its designee to cease the practice of medicine within three (3) calendar days after being so notified. Respondent shall cease the practice of medicine until a monitor is approved to provide monitoring responsibility.

The monitors shall submit a quarterly written report to the Board or its designee which includes an evaluation of Respondent's performance, indicating whether Respondent's practices are within the standards of practice of medicine, and whether Respondent is practicing medicine safely, billing appropriately or both. It shall be the sole responsibility of Respondent to ensure that the monitor submits the quarterly written reports to the Board or its designee within 10 calendar days after the end of the preceding quarter.

If the monitor resigns or is no longer available, Respondent shall, within 5 calendar days of such resignation or unavailability, submit to the Board or its designee, for prior approval, the name and qualifications of a replacement monitor who will be assuming that responsibility within 15 calendar days. If Respondent fails to obtain approval of a replacement monitor within 60 calendar days of the resignation or unavailability of the monitor, Respondent shall receive a notification from the Board or its designee to cease the practice of medicine within three (3) calendar days after being so notified Respondent shall cease the practice of medicine until a replacement monitor is approved and assumes monitoring responsibility.

In lieu of a monitor, Respondent may participate in a professional enhancement program equivalent to the one offered by the Physician Assessment and Clinical Education Program at the

University of California, San Diego School of Medicine, that includes, at minimum, quarterly chart review, semi-annual practice assessment, and semi-annual review of professional growth and education. Respondent shall participate in the professional enhancement program at Respondent's expense during the term of probation.

6. NOTIFICATION. Within seven (7) days of the effective date of this Decision, the Respondent shall provide a true copy of this Decision and Accusation to the Chief of Staff or the Chief Executive Officer at every hospital where privileges or membership are extended to Respondent, at any other facility where Respondent engages in the practice of medicine, including all physician and locum tenens registries or other similar agencies, and to the Chief Executive Officer at every insurance carrier which extends malpractice insurance coverage to Respondent. Respondent shall submit proof of compliance to the Board or its designee within 15 calendar days.

This condition shall apply to any change(s) in hospitals, other facilities or insurance carrier.

- 7. <u>SUPERVISION OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS</u>. During probation, Respondent is prohibited from supervising physician assistants.
- 8. <u>OBEY ALL LAWS</u>. Respondent shall obey all federal, state and local laws, all rules governing the practice of medicine in California and remain in full compliance with any court ordered criminal probation, payments, and other orders.
- 9. <u>QUARTERLY DECLARATIONS</u>. Respondent shall submit quarterly declarations under penalty of perjury on forms provided by the Board, stating whether there has been compliance with all the conditions of probation.

Respondent shall submit quarterly declarations not later than 10 calendar days after the end of the preceding quarter.

10. GENERAL PROBATION REQUIREMENTS.

Compliance with Probation Unit

Respondent shall comply with the Board's probation unit and all terms and conditions of this Decision.

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Address Changes

Respondent shall, at all times, keep the Board informed of Respondent's business and residence addresses, email address (if available), and telephone number. Changes of such addresses shall be immediately communicated in writing to the Board or its designee. Under no circumstances shall a post office box serve as an address of record, except as allowed by Business and Professions Code section 2021(b).

Place of Practice

Respondent shall not engage in the practice of medicine in Respondent's or patient's place of residence, unless the patient resides in a skilled nursing facility or other similar licensed facility.

License Renewal

Respondent shall maintain a current and renewed California physician's and surgeon's license.

Travel or Residence Outside California

Respondent shall immediately inform the Board or its designee, in writing, of travel to any areas outside the jurisdiction of California which lasts, or is contemplated to last, more than thirty (30) calendar days.

In the event Respondent should leave the State of California to reside or to practice Respondent shall notify the Board or its designee in writing 30 calendar days prior to the dates of departure and return.

- 11. <u>INTERVIEW WITH THE BOARD OR ITS DESIGNEE</u>. Respondent shall be available in person upon request for interviews either at Respondent's place of business or at the probation unit office, with or without prior notice throughout the term of probation.
- 12. <u>NON-PRACTICE WHILE ON PROBATION</u>. Respondent shall notify the Board or its designee in writing within 15 calendar days of any periods of non-practice lasting more than 30 calendar days and within 15 calendar days of Respondent's return to practice. Non-practice is defined as any period of time Respondent is not practicing medicine in California as defined in Business and Professions Code sections 2051 and 2052 for at least 40 hours in a calendar month

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in direct patient care, clinical activity or teaching, or other activity as approved by the Board. All time spent in an intensive training program which has been approved by the Board or its designee shall not be considered non-practice. Practicing medicine in another state of the United States or Federal jurisdiction while on probation with the medical licensing authority of that state or jurisdiction shall not be considered non-practice. A Board-ordered suspension of practice shall not be considered as a period of non-practice.

In the event Respondent's period of non-practice while on probation exceeds 18 calendar months, Respondent shall successfully complete a clinical training program that meets the criteria of Condition 18 of the current version of the Board's "Manual of Model Disciplinary Orders and Disciplinary Guidelines" prior to resuming the practice of medicine.

Respondent's period of non-practice while on probation shall not exceed two (2) years. Periods of non-practice will not apply to the reduction of the probationary term.

Periods of non-practice will relieve Respondent of the responsibility to comply with the probationary terms and conditions with the exception of this condition and the following terms and conditions of probation: Obey All Laws; and General Probation Requirements.

- 13. <u>COMPLETION OF PROBATION</u>. Respondent shall comply with all financial obligations (e.g., restitution, probation costs) not later than 120 calendar days prior to the completion of probation. Upon successful completion of probation, Respondent's certificate shall be fully restored.
- 14. <u>VIOLATION OF PROBATION</u>. Failure to fully comply with any term or condition of probation is a violation of probation. If Respondent violates probation in any respect, the Board, after giving Respondent notice and the opportunity to be heard, may revoke probation and carry out the disciplinary order that was stayed. If an Accusation, or Petition to Revoke Probation, or an Interim Suspension Order is filed against Respondent during probation, the Board shall have continuing jurisdiction until the matter is final, and the period of probation shall be extended until the matter is final.
- 15. <u>LICENSE SURRENDER</u>. Following the effective date of this Decision, if Respondent ceases practicing due to retirement or health reasons or is otherwise unable to satisfy

STIPULATED SETTLEMENT (12-2011-216564)

ACCEPTANCE

I have carefully read the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order and have fully discussed it with my attorney, Albert J. Garcia, Esq. I understand the stipulation and the effect it will have on my Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate. I enter into this Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently, and agree to be bound by the Decision and Order of the Medical Board of California.

April 06,20/6 /de l

I have read and fully discussed with Respondent Hai Van Nguyen, M.D. the terms and conditions and other matters contained in the above Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order. I approve its form and content.

DATED: March 25, 2016 Attorney for Respondent

ENDORSEMENT

The foregoing Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order is hereby respectfully submitted for consideration by the Medical Board of California.

Dated: 22, 2016 KAMALA D. HARRIS Attorney General of California JANE ZACK SIMON

Supervising Deputy Attorney General

BRENDA P. REYES Deputy Attorney General Attorneys for Complainant

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Exhibit A

Accusation No. 12-2011-216564

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1	KAMALA D. HARRIS	度0 层层。	
2	Attorney General of California JOSE R. GUERRERO Supervising Deputy Attorney General	FILED STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
3	DAVID CARR Deputy Attorney General	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA SACRAMENTO WORCH 20, 2014	
4	State Bar No. 131672 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000	BY MINISTER ANALYST	
5	San Francisco, CA 94102-7004 Telephone: (415) 703-5538	J	
6	Facsimile: (415) 703-5480 Attorneys for Complainant	•	
7	ВЕГО	RE THE	
8	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		
9	STATE OF C	CALIFORNIA	
10	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 12-2011-216564	
11	HAI VAN NGUYEN, M.D.		
12	626 International Blvd.	ACCUSATION	
13 14	Oakland, CA 94606		
15	Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate		
16	No. A 44145		
17	Respondent.		
18			
19			
20	Complainant alleges:		
21	PARTIES		
22	li de la companya de		
23	capacity as the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer		
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26	revoked and later reinstated. (See <i>Discipline Considerations</i> sections, infra.) The certificate will		
27	expire on December 31, 2014, unless renewed.		
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Accusation No. 12 2011 216564

JURISDICTION

- 2. This Accusation is brought before the Medical Board of California ("Board"), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Section 2227 provides that the Board may, after a finding of the licensee's unprofessional conduct or after a stipulation has been entered by the licensee, revoke or suspend the license or take such other action as the Board may deem proper.
 - 4. Section 2234 of the Code, states:

"The board shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- "(a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter.
 - "(b) Gross negligence.
- "(c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.
- "(1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
- "(2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.

5. Section 2242(a) of the Code states: "Prescribing, dispensing, or furnishing dangerous drugs as defined in Section 4022 without an appropriate prior examination and a medical indication, constitutes unprofessional conduct."

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- 6. Section 2266 of the Code states: AThe failure of a physician and surgeon to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of services to their patients constitutes unprofessional conduct.
- 7. The conduct described herein occurred at Respondent's medical offices in Oakland, California.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

- Phenergan (promethazine) with Codeine is a controlled substance per section 4022 8. and a Schedule III controlled substance per Health and Safety Code section 11056. The Physician's Desk Reference notes that there is "potential for abuse and dependence" with this drug, and warns: "Caution in elderly patients. Codeine: Do not increase dose if cough fails to respond to treatment. Capacity to elevate CSF pressure and respiratory depressant effects may be markedly exaggerated in head injury, intracranial lesions, or with preexisting increase in intracranial pressure. May obscure clinical course in patients with head injuries. Avoid with acute febrile illness with productive cough or in chronic respiratory disease. May produce orthostatic hypotension in ambulatory patients. Give with caution and reduce initial dose with acute abdominal conditions, convulsive disorders, significant hepatic/renal impairment, fever, hypothyroidism, Addison's disease, ulcerative colitis, prostatic hypertrophy, recent GI or urinary tract surgery, and in the very young, elderly, or debilitated. Use lowest effective dose for the shortest period of time. Promethazine: May impair mental/physical abilities. May lead to potentially fatal respiratory depression; avoid with compromised respiratory function (eg, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, sleep apnea). May lower seizure threshold; caution with seizure disorders. Leukopenia and agranulocytosis reported, especially when given with other marrowtoxic agents; caution with bone marrow depression. Cholestatic jaundice reported. Caution with narrow-angle glaucoma, prostatic hypertrophy, stenosing peptic ulcer, pyloroduodenal/bladderneck obstruction, cardiovascular disease, or with impaired liver function. May increase blood glucose."
- 9. **Vicodin** and **Vicodin ES** are trade names for a combination of hydrocodone bitartrate and acetaminophen. Hydrocodone bitartrate is a semisynthetic narcotic analgesic, a dangerous

drug as defined in section 4022, and a Schedule III controlled substance and narcotic as defined by section 11056, subdivision (e), of the Health and Safety Code. Alcohol and other CNS depressants may produce an additive CNS depression when taken with this combination product and should be avoided. Patients taking other narcotic analgesics, antihistamines, antipsychotics, antianxiety agents, or other central nervous system (CNS) depressants (including alcohol) concomitantly with Vicodin may exhibit an additive CNS depression. The dose of one or both agents should therefore be reduced. Repeated administration of Vicodin over a course of several weeks may result in psychic and physical dependence.

- 10. Valium is the trade name for diazepam, a psychotropic drug for the management of anxiety disorders or for the short-term relief of the symptoms of anxiety. It is a dangerous drug as defined in section 4022 and a schedule IV controlled substance as defined by section 11057 of the Health and Safety Code. Diazepam can produce psychological and physical dependence and it should be prescribed with caution particularly when prescribed to addiction-prone individuals.
- 10. Carisoprodol is a muscle-relaxant and sedative. It is a dangerous drug as defined in section 4022. Since the effects of carisoprodol and alcohol or carisoprodol and other CNS depressants or psychotropic drugs may be additive, appropriate caution should be exercised with patients who take more than one of these agents simultaneously. Carisoprodol is metabolized in the liver and excreted by the kidneys; to avoid its excess accumulation, caution should be exercised in administration to patients with compromised liver or kidney functions.

Patient K.P.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Prescribing Dangerous Drugs Without Appropriate Prior Examination and Indication)

11. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2242 in that he prescribed dangerous drugs as defined by section 4022 to patient K.P.¹ without an appropriate prior examination and without medical indication. The circumstances are as follows:

The patients are referred to herein by their initials to maintain patient privacy. The (continued...)

12. Respondent first saw patient K.P. on August 21, 2009. Respondent's chart notes for this visit indicate K.P. had complaints of chest congestion, cough of one week's duration, and a 6 month history of pain radiating down her right leg. Respondent's notes pertaining to his physical examination of K.P. state only that her lungs were clear, she had good muscle tone and strength, and her back was not painful to palpation. His recordation of K.P.'s vital signs was incomplete. There was no description of any previous pain treatment, no reference to substance abuse history, no social or family history noted, and no clinical review of systems in Respondent's record for this visit. There is no diagnosis noted for K.P. Respondent prescribed an antibiotic, an albuterol inhaler, Phenergan with codeine, and Vicodin for K.P. at this initial contact with patient K.P.

- 13. Respondent's medical record for patient K.P indicates he saw her at 28 subsequent office visits, approximately once per month, ending on July 3, 2012. Over that period, Respondent repeatedly prescribed narcotics for patient K.P. without documentation of an adequate physical examination and without a clear statement of clinical indication for such narcotic use. No initial or subsequent chart notes by Respondent reflect a comprehensive pain treatment plan for K.P.
- 14. Respondent has subjected his license to discipline in that his prescribing of dangerous drugs to patient K.P. without appropriate prior examination and without medical indication violates section 2242 and constitutes unprofessional conduct.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Negligence)

15. The allegations of paragraphs 14 and 15 are incorporated by reference. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234(c) in that his failure to document and implement a pain treatment plan for patient K.P. when prescribing a long course of narcotics is a departure from the standard of care, constituting negligence. When considered in conjunction with the additional acts of negligence alleged herein, this departure constitutes repeated negligent acts and unprofessional conduct under section 2234(c).

^{(...}continued) patients' full names will be provided to Respondent upon request.

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THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Failure to Maintain Adequate Medical Records)

16. The allegations of paragraphs 14 and 15 are incorporated herein by reference. Respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2266 in that he failed to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of medical services to patient K.P.

Patient R.G.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Prescribing Dangerous Drugs Without Appropriate Examination and Indication)

- 17. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2242 in that he prescribed dangerous drugs as defined by section 4022 to patient R.G. without an appropriate prior examination and without medical indication. The circumstances are as follows:
- 18. Patient R.G. first presented to Respondent at his medical offices on February 14, 2006. Respondent's chart notes for that initial visit state that R. G. was complaining of chest congestion, shortness of breath, sweating and chills, and chronic back/knee pain. In his notes of the physical examination, Respondent documented only "grinding" of the left knee and an abnormal lung examination. Respondent's medical record for R.G's initial visit contains no family history, no standard review of systems, no description of prior treatment for pain, and no reference to any discussion of substance abuse in her history. Respondent prescribed oral antibiotics, Phenergan with codeine, and Vicodin to R.G. at this initial visit.
- 19. Respondent's medical record for R.G. indicates he saw her on 63 separate occasions between February 14, 2006, and the last documented visit on July 18, 2012. During that period Respondent reportedly treated R.G. for various aliments including back and joint pain, hypertension, and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease/asthma. He repeatedly prescribed narcotics, including Vicodin, valium, and carisoprodol to R.G. throughout this time period without documentation of an adequate physical examination at any point and without a clear statement of clinical indication for such narcotic use. There is no indication of any discussion

 regarding the risks of the medications being prescribed. No initial or subsequent chart notes by Respondent reflect a comprehensive pain treatment plan. There is a copy of a lumbar x-ray study dated April 24, 2006, reportedly showing lumbar lordosis and mild degenerative spurring at L5-S1, with possible bony neuroforaminal stenosis at that same location. No other diagnostic studies appear in Respondent's records for R.G. There are no descriptions in Respondent's medical record for R.G. of the specific location of her back pain or descriptions of the pains duration or intensity, nor is there any discussion of any limits on physical activity imposed by the pain. Over this six year period of treatment in which Respondent regularly prescribed hydrocodone with acetaminophen to R.G., there was only one laboratory test of metabolic function, showing normal liver enzymes on June 9, 2010.

20. Respondent has subjected his license to discipline in that his prescribing of dangerous drugs to patient R.G. without appropriate prior examination and without medical indication violates section 2242 and constitutes unprofessional conduct.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Failure to Maintain Adequate Medical Records)

21. The allegations of paragraphs 20 and 21 are incorporated herein by reference. Respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2266 in that he failed to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of medical services to patient R.G.

SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Repeated Negligent Acts)

22. The allegations of paragraphs 20 and 21 are incorporated by reference. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234(c) in that his failure to document and implement a pain treatment plan for patient R.G. when prescribing a long course of narcotics and his failure to conduct periodic clinical assessments of R.G. while prescribing controlled substances are departures from the standard of care, constituting negligence. When considered in conjunction with the additional acts of negligence alleged herein, these departures constitutes repeated negligent acts and unprofessional conduct under section 2234(c).

Patient R.J.

SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Repeated Negligent Acts)

- 23. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234(c) in that his care and treatment of patient R.J. included departures from the standard of care constituting negligence.

 The circumstances are as follows:
- 24. Patient R.J. first saw Respondent in an office visit on February 27, 2009. Respondent's chart notes for this visit state that R.J. complained of episodic back pain over a period of two years, knee pain, chest congestion, cough, wheezing, and epigastric pain. Respondent noted joint grinding, clear lungs, and that R.J.'s epigastric pain was worse when supine. The medical record contains no other assessment, no review of systems, no family or social history, no information about substance abuse, and no past medical history. There is no indication that Respondent was aware of whether any other providers were concurrently seeing the patient. Respondent's record indicates he recommended R.J. have lab tests, including H Pylori serology, and lumbar/sacral x-rays, but the record contains no x-rays or radiologic reports of R.J.'s back. Respondent prescribed bronchodilators, Phenergan with codeine, Vicodin, and carisoprodol for R.J. on this initial visit. There is no indication of any discussion with R.J. regarding the risks of the medications being prescribed.
- 25. R.J. was next seen at Respondent's medical offices one year later, on February 16, 2010. Respondent documented only a limited history and examination. Respondent's progress notes indicate he again recommended R.J. have x-rays of the sacral spine, but there are no x-rays or radiology reports in Respondent's records for R.J. Respondent did not document any assessment or diagnosis. Respondent again prescribed Vicodin and carisoprodol for R.J. and a course of oral antibiotics.
- 26. Respondent saw R. J. at six subsequent office visits, the last being on March 23, 2011. At each of the office visits Respondent renewed R.J.'s prescriptions for Vicodin, Phenergan with codeine, and either carisoprodol or valium.

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27. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234(c) in that his failure to document and implement a pain treatment plan when regularly prescribing narcotics to patient R.J. and his failure to conduct periodic clinical assessments of R.J. over the period in which he was prescribing narcotics to R.J. are departures from the standard of care, constituting negligence. When considered in conjunction with the additional acts of negligence alleged herein, these departures constitutes repeated negligent acts and unprofessional conduct under section 2234(c).

EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Prescribing Dangerous Drugs Without Appropriate Prior Examination and Indication)

28. The allegations of paragraphs 26-28 are incorporated herein by reference. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2242 in that he prescribed dangerous drugs as defined by section 4022 to patient R.J. without an appropriate prior examination and without medical indication.

NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Failure to Maintain Adequate Medical Records)

29. The allegations of paragraphs 26-28 are incorporated herein by reference. Respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2266 in that he failed to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of medical services to patient R.J.

Patient A.M.

TENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Prescribing Dangerous Drugs Without Appropriate Examination and Indication)

30. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2242 in that he prescribed dangerous drugs as defined by section 4022 to patient A.M. without an appropriate prior examination and a medical indication. The circumstances are as follows:

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that visit state that A. M. was complaining of chest congestion, fatigue, cough, shortness of breath, and epigastric pain. Respondent's limited physical examination noted that A.M. had trapezius spasms and grinding of shoulder and knee joints. His examination notes do not record any of A.M.'s vital signs. Respondent's notes indicate he ordered cervical x-rays for A. M.; a radiologic report in the file dated July 22, 2008 shows mild degenerative changes. Respondent's entries regarding A.M.'s past medical history note only that she had no known allergies and was taking Synthroid. There is no social or family history noted, no review of systems, no substance abuse history, and no description of any previous pain treatment efforts. There is no diagnosis presented in the record for this visit nor a treatment plan to address A.M.'s pain. There is no indication Respondent attempted to obtain records from A.M.'s prior treating doctor. On this first visit Respondent gave A.M. prescriptions for an oral antibiotic, bronchodilators, Phenergan with codeine, and Tylenol with codeine. There is no indication of any discussion with A.M. regarding the risks of the medications being prescribed.

Patient A.M. first saw Respondent on May 13, 2008. Respondent's chart entries for

- 32. Respondent saw A. M. at 33 subsequent visits, the last being on on May 26, 2011. Over this course of treatment Respondent regularly prescribed either Tylenol with codeine or Vicodin, with no clinical rationale presented when he changed the prescriptions between these two narcotics. During this period in which Respondent was regularly prescribing narcotics to A.M., his chart entries do no reflect any testing of her range of motion, limb strength, sensation, or reflexes. No entries indicate any discussion with A.M. about possible side effects of the narcotics or other prescribed controlled substances. There is no indication that Respondent assessed her adherence to the recommended use of the prescribed medications.
- 33. Respondent has subjected his license to discipline in that his prescribing of dangerous drugs to patient A.M. without appropriate prior examination and without medical indication violates section 2242 and constitutes unprofessional conduct.

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ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Repeated Negligent Acts)

34. The allegations of paragraphs 33 and 34 are incorporated by reference. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234(c) in that his failure to document and implement a pain treatment plan for patient A.M. when regularly prescribing narcotics for pain is a departure from the standard of care, constituting negligence. When considered in conjunction with the additional acts of negligence alleged herein, this departure constitutes repeated negligent acts and unprofessional conduct under section 2234(c).

TWELFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Failure to Maintain Adequate Medical Records)

35. The allegations of paragraphs 33 and 34 are incorporated herein by reference. Respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2266 in that he failed to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of medical services to patient A.M.

Patient D.R.

THIRTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Repeated Negligent Acts)

- 36. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234(c) in that his care and treatment of patient D.R. included departures from the standard of care constituting negligence.

 The circumstances are as follows:
- D.R. about 2006 but the records pertaining to treatment prior to mid-2011 were lost.

 Respondent's extant medical record of his treatment of patient D.R. consists of notes of 13 office visits, beginning June 21, 2011 and ending July 18, 2012. Respondent's medical record of these 13 documented visits reveals multiple prescriptions for Phenergan with codeine, valium, carisoprodol, and Vicodin ES. Respondent's chart entries for these visits do not reflect any discussion with D.R. of possible side effects of the narcotics he was receiving or pain treatment alternatives to the narcotics, any clinical rationale for changes in the prescription regimen between visits, no suggestion of any referral to an orthopedic surgeon for evaluation of D.R.'s

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multiple joint pain, and no periodic reevaluation of a pain treatment plan for this patient to whom he prescribed narcotics for pain control for more than one year. The record contains no reference to any discussion with D.R. regarding the risks of the medications being prescribed to him.

38. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234(c) in that his failure to conduct periodic re-evaluation of his prescribing to D.R. over at least a one year period is a departure from the standard of care constituting negligence. When considered in conjunction with the additional acts of negligence alleged herein, this departure constitutes repeated negligent acts and unprofessional conduct under section 2234(c).

FOURTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Failure to Maintain Adequate Medical Records)

39. The allegations of paragraph 37 are incorporated herein by reference. Respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2266 in that he failed to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of medical services to patient D.R.

Patient U.W.

FIFTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Prescribing Dangerous Drugs Without Appropriate Prior Examination and Indication)

- 40. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2242 in that he prescribed dangerous drugs as defined by section 4022 to patient U.W. without an appropriate prior examination and a medical indication. The circumstances are as follows:
- At that initial visit, Respondent first saw patient U.W. on December 30, 2008. At that initial visit, Respondent recorded the patient's complaints as chest congestion, coughing, shortness of breath, and epigastric and neck pain. Respondent did not document any past medical history, apart from a notation of allergies. Some vital signs are noted. The physical examination notes in the chart pertaining to U.W.'s pain refer only to spasms of his trapezius and "crepitus of shoulder/knee joints." There is nothing in the chart indicating the effect of these complaints on the patient's level of functioning and no report of any prior pain treatments. Respondent documented no social

or family history, there was no review of systems, and no diagnosis was recorded for this visit. There is no documentation of any discussion of a substance abuse history. At this initial visit Respondent prescribed an inhaler, Phenergan with codeine, Vicodin, and carisoprodol. There is no indication of any discussion regarding the risks of the medications being prescribed, nor is there a documented treatment plan apart from recommendations for lumbar/sacral x-rays and the pain medications prescribed.

- 42. Patient U.W. saw Respondent at 39 subsequent office visits, the last on July 16, 2012. Respondent regularly prescribed opiates to U.W. throughout this period. There is no indication in the medical record of any discussion with the patient of possible side effects from the narcotics prescribed.
- 43. Respondent has subjected his license to discipline in that his prescribing of dangerous drugs to patient U.W. without appropriate prior examination and without medical indication violates section 2242 and constitutes unprofessional conduct.

SIXTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Repeated Negligent Acts)

44. The allegations of paragraphs 43 and 44 are incorporated by reference. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234(c) in that his failure to document and implement a pain treatment plan for patient U.W. when regularly prescribing narcotics for pain is a departure from the standard of care, constituting negligence. When considered in conjunction with the additional acts of negligence alleged herein, this departure constitutes repeated negligent acts and unprofessional conduct under section 2234(c).

SEVENTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Failure to Maintain Adequate Medical Records)

45. The allegations of paragraphs 43 and 44 are incorporated herein by reference. Respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2266 in that he failed to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of medical services to patient U.W.

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Patient D.W.

EIGHTEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Prescribing Dangerous Drugs Without Appropriate Prior Examination and Indication)

- 46. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2242 in that he prescribed dangerous drugs as defined by section 4022 to patient D.W. without an appropriate prior examination and without medical indication. The circumstances are as follows:
- 47. Respondent first saw patient D.W. on February 22, 2008. Respondent's chart entries for that visit document the patient's complaints as chest congestion, cough, shortness of breath, and neck and knee pain reportedly originating from an auto accident in 2003. The chart includes records from prior treating physicians and diagnostic studies of the patient's neck and knee in 2003-2004. Respondent's notes of his physical examination of D.W. refers only to "crepitus of the shoulders/knee joints" and "no muscle spasm." There is no past medical history recorded apart from noting that D.W. had no allergies. There was no social or family history presented, no review of systems, and no diagnosis. There is no documentation of recommended/ordered diagnostic studies or referrals to specialists. There is no substance abuse history or discussion of any prior pain treatment. Respondent did not document a treatment plan for D.W.'s pain. On this first visit, Respondent prescribed an inhaler, Phenergan with codeine, Vicodin, and carisoprodol. There is no documentation in the record to suggest Respondent discussed possible side effects of the medications prescribed or of possible alternative therapies to address the patient's pain.
- 48. Respondent saw D.W. on 38 subsequent visits, ending on January 31, 2012.

 Respondent regularly prescribed narcotics to D. W. during this period without adequately assessing D.W.'s adherence to the recommended use of the prescribed medications and without reviewing whether the patient was experiencing any adverse side effects from the medications.
- 49. Respondent has subjected his license to discipline in that his prescribing of dangerous drugs to patient D.W. without appropriate prior examination and without medical indication violates section 2242 and constitutes unprofessional conduct.

NINETEENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Repeated Negligent Acts)

50. The allegations of paragraphs 49 and 50 are incorporated by reference. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234(c) in that his failure to formulate and implement a pain treatment plan when prescribing narcotics to patient D.W. and his failure to conduct periodic clinical assessments of D.W. over the period in which he was regularly prescribing narcotics to D.W. are departures from the standard of care, constituting negligence. When considered in conjunction with the additional acts of negligence alleged herein, these departures constitutes repeated negligent acts and unprofessional conduct under section 2234(c).

TWENTIETH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Failure to Maintain Adequate Medical Records)

51. The allegations of paragraphs 49 and 50 are incorporated herein by reference. Respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2266 in that he failed to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of medical services to patient D.W.

Patient S.W.

TWENTY-FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Prescribing Dangerous Drugs Without Appropriate Prior Examination and Indication)

- 52. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section 2242 in that he prescribed dangerous drugs as defined by section 4022 to patient S.W. without an appropriate prior examination and without medical indication. The circumstances are as follows:
- 53. Patient S.W. first saw Respondent at his medical offices on April 21, 2005. Respondent's notes for this visit state S.W. was complaining of various respiratory and urinary problems, hypertension, and low back pain. Vital signs were recorded. The limited physical examination documented swollen turbinates, clear lungs, and good muscle tone and strength. Nothing in the record reflects testing of the patient's range of motion or her reflexes nor discussion of the impact of the pain on S.W's functioning. There is no description of the back pain other than noting that it was non-radiating. There is no mention of any previous pain

treatments. There is no family history or review of systems included in Respondent's medical record for S.W. Respondent diagnosed S. W. as suffering from hypertension, allergic rhinitis, weight loss, joint pain, and urinary tract infection. At this initial visit Respondent prescribed oral antibiotics, anti-hypertensives, Phenergan with codeine, and Tylenol with codeine. There is no documentation of discussion with the patient of the possible side effects of these medications or of possible treatment alternatives to the pain medications.

- 54. Respondent saw S.W. on 90 subsequent office visits; the last office visit was August 1, 2012. Throughout this period of treatment Respondent repeatedly prescribed Phenergan with codeine, carisoprodol, and vicodin for S.W. There is no indication that he periodically reviewed S.W.'s compliance with proper use of the prescribed medications or discussed any adverse side effects of those medications with her.
- 55. Respondent has subjected his license to discipline in that his prescribing of dangerous drugs to patient S.W. without appropriate prior examination and without medical indication violates section 2242 and constitutes unprofessional conduct.

TWENTY-SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Repeated Negligent Acts)

56. The allegations of paragraphs 55 and 56 are incorporated by reference. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 2234(c) in that his failure to formulate and implement a pain treatment plan when prescribing narcotics to patient S.W. and his failure to effectively clinically monitor her use of narcotics and other controlled substances he prescribed to her in 90 office visits over a seven year period are departures from the standard of care, constituting negligence. When considered in conjunction with the additional acts of negligence alleged herein, these departures constitutes repeated negligent acts and unprofessional conduct under section 2234(c).

TWENTY-THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Failure to Maintain Adequate Medical Records)

57. The allegations of paragraphs 55 and 56 are incorporated herein by reference.

Respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action for unprofessional conduct under section